

SECURITI



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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5**

PART III

NOV 2 9 2004

SEC FILE NUMBER 8- 28600

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN		DO3 A	ND ENDING 9/3	0/2004 MM/DD/YY
A	. REGISTRAN	T IDENTIFICAT	ION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: S	earle & Co.			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	F BUSINESS: (De	o not use P.O. Box N	0.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
3	33 Greenwich	Avenue No. and Street)		
·	reenwich,	СТ	0	6830
(City)	41	(State)	(Zi	p Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER Robert S. Se		CONTACT IN REGA	(ORT 203) 869–4800 Area Code – Telephone Number
В.	ACCOUNTAN	T IDENTIFICAT		
Horowitz & U1	lmann, P.C.	on is contained in this		
275 Madison A	venue New	York,	NY /	10016
(Address)	(City)		(Staté)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:				
Certified Public Accoun	tant			
☐ Public Accountant				
☐ Accountant not resident	in United States or	any of its possession	is.	100505D 1009204
	FOR OFF	ICIAL USE ONLY	U U	SACO
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Robert S. Searle		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of	
my	knowledge and belief the accompanying financial	statement a		
	Searle & Co.		, as	
of			, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that	
nei			r or director has any proprietary interest in any account	
cla	assified solely as that of a customer, except as follow	ws:		
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			P- 77 1.	
•	•	-	Fignature	
	,		Da a Signature	
	o Virginia Gray	_	presig	
	NOTARY PUBLIC \		L Title	
V	NY COMMISSION EXPIRES 113016	27		
	Notary Public			
_	is report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):			
X	(a) Facing Page.(b) Statement of Financial Condition.			
$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).			
×	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.			
	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity			
	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.			
	(g) Computation of Net Capital.(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Re	equirements	s Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3	
$\overline{\mathbb{Z}}$	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Cor			
\mathbf{x}			ne Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the	
	Computation for Determination of the Reserv			
	(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and una consolidation.	ludited Stat	ements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of	
	(1) An Oath or Affirmation.			
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.			
			st or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.	
X	(o) Independent's Auditor's Report			
* * /	For conditions of confidential treatment of certain p	portions of	inis juing, see section 240.1/ a -3(e)(3).	

SEARLE & CO.

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HOROWITZ & ULLMANN, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

A member of the AICPA SEC Practice Section New York State Society of CPAs 275 Madison Avenue New York, NY 10016 Telephone: (212) 532-3736 Facsimile: (212) 545-8997 E-mail: cpas@horowitz-ullmann.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors Searle & Co. Greenwich, CT

We have audited the statement of financial condition of Searle & Co. as of September 30, 2004 and the related statements of income, cash flows and changes in stockholder's equity for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Searle & Co. as of September 30, 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements, taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules number "1" through "4" is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Howitz Ullnon Cc New York, NY November 22, 2004

SEARLE & CO. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Marketable securities Receivable from clearing broker Accounts receivable (net of allowance for bad debts of \$4,000) Deferred income taxes	\$170,914 332,201 273,733 48,205 8,500
Total current assets	833,553
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (net)	80,423
OTHER ASSETS Investment securities, not readily marketable	<u>17,250</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$931,226</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Income taxes payable	\$ 68,348 3,000
Total liabilities	<u>71.348</u>
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY Common stock, \$1 par value, 2,700 shares authorized and issued Additional paid-in capital Treasury stock, 1,800 shares at cost Retained earnings Total stockholder's equity	2,700 45,526 (73,333) <u>884,985</u> <u>859,878</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$931,226

SEARLE & CO. STATEMENT OF INCOME YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

REVENUE	
Brokerage commissions	\$ 674,902
Principal transactions	1,946,500
Fee income	2,201,408
Dividend and interest income	240,856
Realized gain on sale of securities	15,329
Unrealized loss on securities	(40,052)
Total revenue	5,038,943
Total revenue	
EXPENSES	
Commissions	3,016,539
Employee compensation	1,220,863
Mortgagee fees	159,422
Clearance charges	119,630
Tickers and quotation service	86,550
Insurance	56,580
Payroll and sales taxes	51,038
Telephone and utilities	42,504
Depreciation	40,029
Professional fees	39,381
Rent	38,679
Automobile expense	23,313
Travel	14,978
License and fees	12,997
Entertainment	12,314
Office expenses	10,942
Postage	9,572
Customer adjustments	7,635
Employee benefits	7,500
Dues and subscriptions	6,589
Advertising and marketing	5,516
Miscellaneous expenses	4,966
	4,935
Payroll service fee	3,670
Charitable contributions	3,653
Repairs and maintenance	2,945
Gifts	754
Bank charges	
Total expenses	5,003,494
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	35,449
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	14,836
NET INCOME	<u>\$ 20,613</u>

SEARLE & CO. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income	\$ 20,613
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	40,029
Unrealized loss on securities	40,052
Realized gain on sale of securities	(15,329)
Deferred income taxes	(6,000)
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in receivable from clearing broker	(41,733)
Decrease in accounts receivable	60,744
Decrease in prepaid income taxes	4,300
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(70,073)
Increase in income taxes payable	3,000
Total adjustments	14,990
Net cash provided by operating activities	35,603
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of equipment	(47,768)
Purchase of marketable securities	(227,002)
Proceeds from sales of marketable securities	<u>381,668</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	106,898
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	142,501
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - October 1, 2003	28,413
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - September 30, 2004	<u>\$ 170.914</u>

SEARLE & CO. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

	Common Stock	Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Total
Balances October 1, 2003	\$2,700	\$45,526	\$(73,333)	\$864,372	\$839,265
Net income				20,613	20,613
Balances September 30, 2004	<u>\$2,700</u>	<u>\$45,526</u>	<u>\$(73,333)</u>	<u>\$884,985</u>	\$859,878

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Searle & Co. (the "Company") operates two lines of business from separate locations. It provides brokerage services from its Connecticut office to customers who are predominately small and middle-market businesses and upper and middle-income individuals. Its revenue earned from its suburban Philadelphia office is derived primarily from investment and reporting services provided for Federal Housing Administration assisted properties.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Securities Transactions:

Profit and loss arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade-date basis. The Company uses the specific identification method for determining the cost basis in computing realized gains and losses.

Marketable securities are valued at market. The resulting difference between cost and market is recorded as unrealized gain or loss. Investment securities that are not readily marketable are recorded at cost.

Commissions and Fees:

Commission income and expenses on customers' securities transactions are recorded on a trade-date basis. All such transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Fee income and related mortgagee fee expenses are recorded when services rendered giving rise to such income have been completed.

Depreciation:

The cost of property and equipment is depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The cost of leasehold improvements is depreciated over the lesser of the length of the related leases or the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method for financial reporting purposes and on accelerated methods for income tax purposes.

Statement of Cash Flows:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all cash held at banks and short term liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

3. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid for income taxes is \$12,202 for the year.

4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities consist of investment securities at market value as follows:

Obligations of U.S. Government	\$ 8,046
State and municipal obligations	66,555
Corporate stocks	131,297
Corporate bonds, debentures and notes	_126,303
Total	<u>\$332,201</u>

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The following is a summary of property and equipment at cost, less accumulated depreciation:

Computer equipment Office equipment Leasehold improvements	\$155,587 15,254 10,647
Computer software	<u>85,025</u> 266,513
Less: accumulated depreciation	186,090
Net book value	<u>\$ 80,423</u>

6. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions, of \$100,000 or if larger, one fifteenth of aggregate indebtedness, as defined. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness fluctuate from day to day but, at September 30, 2004, the Company's net capital exceeds such capital requirements by \$572,695 and the ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$71,438) to net capital (\$672,695) is .1061 to 1.

7. INCOME TAXES

The Company computes its tax in accordance with the tax provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes."

The provision for income tax includes the following at September 30, 2004:

	Current	Deferred	Total
Federal income tax expense State and local tax expense	\$13,026 	\$(3,600) _(2,400)	\$ 9,426
	<u>\$20,836</u>	<u>\$(6,000</u>)	<u>\$14,836</u>

A reconciliation of the difference between the expected income tax expense computed at the U.S. statutory income tax rate and the Company's income tax expense is summarized as follows:

Expected income tax expense at U.S. statutory tax rate (Increase) decrease in tax benefit from:	\$ 5,318
State and local income tax expense, net of federal income	
tax expense	4,598
Corporate dividends received deduction and tax-exempt income	(1,190)
Other	6,110
Total income taxes	\$14,836

Deferred income taxes are provided for the temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and the tax basis of the Company's assets and liabilities. The tax effect of the temporary differences giving rise to the Company's deferred tax asset is as follows:

Unrealized loss on securities	\$ 25,000
Depreciation	(16,500)
	\$ 8,500

8. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Company leases office space at two locations, one of which is owned by related parties (See Note 9). The lease for the other premises is a three-year operating lease through August 2006. Rental expense for the use of this premise, net of sublease rental income of \$15,132, is \$12,279 for the year.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under the leases:

2005		\$28,167
2006		23,472
	4	\$51,639

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

One of the Company's offices is owned by its shareholder and family. The Company has not executed a lease for occupancy of the premises. It makes monthly rent payments of \$2,200 which are approximately equivalent to the owners' mortgage payments and common area maintenance fees. The Company pays the operating expenses, exclusive of real estate taxes, related to the premises. The total amount of rent expense paid to the related parties is \$26,400 for the year.

10. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include other broker-dealers and banks. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter party.

The Company also maintains cash balances at several financial institutions. Accounts at each institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$100,000. At September 30, 2004, the Company's uninsured cash balances total \$235,549.

SEARLE & CO. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SEC RULE 15C3-1 SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY, PER STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	\$859,878
Less: Nonallowable assets Property and equipment (net) Accounts receivable Investment securities, not readily marketable Other current assets	48,205 80,423 17,250 8,500
TENTATIVE NET CAPITAL	705,500
Less: Capital charge on marketable securities Capital charge on money market fund Undue concentration	28,076 241 4,488
NET CAPITAL	672,695
Less: Minimum net capital required to be maintained (\$100,000 or 1/15 th of aggregate indebtedness, whichever is greater)	100,000
NET CAPITAL IN EXCESS OF MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS	<u>\$572,695</u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$ 71.348
1/15 TH OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	<u>\$ 4,756</u>
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	.1061 to 1

SEARLE & CO. RECONCILIATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO SEC RULE 17a-5 (d)(4) SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

Net Capital, per Form X-17a-5 as of September 30, 2004, unaudited	\$678,294
Less: Adjustment for nonallowable assets Net audit adjustments	3,763 (9,362)
	(5,599)
Net Capital per Accompanying Computation of Net Capital Under SEC Rule 15c3-1	<u>\$672,695</u>

SEARLE & CO. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

The Company was exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(b) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 for the year ended September 30, 2004.

SEARLE & CO. INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

The Company was exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(b) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 for the year ended September 30, 2004.

HOROWITZ & ULLMANN, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

The Board of Directors Searle & Co. Greenwich, CT

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Searle & Co. for the year ended September 30, 2004, we considered its internal control structure including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Searle & Co., that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g).

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, management is required to make estimates and judgments to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above-mentioned objectives. The objective of internal controls and of the practices and procedures is to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance (1) that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and (2) that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal controls or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal controls would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the AICPA. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal controls, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at September 30, 2004 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on SEC Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

New York, NY

November 22, 2004